



JV-003-001509

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) (CBCS) Examination

October - 2019

Botany : B - 501

(Cryptogamic Botany and Plant Pathology)

(Old Course)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 001509

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Write answers of all questions in main answer sheet.
(2) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary
(3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1 Write short answer : 20**
- (1) The female sex organ in Chara is known as _____
 - (2) Calametes plant height was _____
 - (3) Which causal organism of whip smut of sugarcane?
 - (4) Who was discovered heterothallism in fungi?
 - (5) Sporangia of Ophiglossum are seen in the form of a _____
 - (6) In Peltia, archegonia of the cluster are surrounded by which part?
 - (7) The basal cell from where the conidiophores of aspergillus arises is known as...
 - (8) Non-motile spore produced internally are known as _____
 - (9) Rhynia belongs to geological period called _____
 - (10) Tikka disease is caused by _____
 - (11) On which side is the sporangium seen on the sporophyll in Isoetes?

- (12) The masses of sterile cells located at the base of the capsule of *Pellia* are known as _____
- (13) In diatom, the overlapping sidewalls of the two valves are called _____
- (14) The spermatophyte, of *Coleochaetales* produces _____
- (15) The chemical used for killing fungal pathogens are known as _____
- (16) In the life cycle of *Ectocarpus*, meiosis occurs during _____
- (17) What is *Nucule*?
- (18) Actual mechanism of disease development is known as _____
- (19) The plant body of *Caulerpa* unicellular, multinucleate is it true or false?
- (20) Citrus canker is bacterial disease true or false?

- 2 (A) Answer in short : (Any Three) 6**
- (1) Explain leaf scar in *Lepidodendron*
 - (2) Explain cell structure in Diatoms
 - (3) Draw the label diagrams: Rhizome T.S. of *Marsilea*
 - (4) Describe the V. S. of *Pellia* capsule structure
 - (5) Write note on Pathogenicity
 - (6) Mention agriculture use of *Trichoderma*
- (B) Answer in Brief : (Any Three) 9**
- (1) Explain vegetative reproduction in *Chara*
 - (2) Give the disease symptoms of Citrus canker.
 - (3) Explain the external features of *Rhynia*.
 - (4) Draw the label diagrams of L.S. of sporangia in *Isoetes*.
 - (5) Describe the sex evolution in algae
 - (6) Write the brief note on the nomenclature of fossils.
- (C) Answer in detail : (Any Two) 10**
- (1) Describe the asexual reproductive structure of *Aspergillus* spp.
 - (2) Describe the structure of the gametophyte of *Sphagnum*
 - (3) Give an account of sexual reproductive organs of *Pellia*

- (4) Draw the T.S. of Petiole with label diagrams in Marselia
- (5) Sexual reproduction in Coleochatea

3 (A) Answer in short : (Any **Three**) **6**

- (1) What are the characteristics of the root of Isoetes?
- (2) Draw a labelled diagram of globule of Chara in longitudinal section.
- (3) Caulerpa has been placed in the order Siphonales. Why?
- (4) Name two genera of bryophytes belonging to two different groups where the capsule produces sterile columella.
- (5) Write the use of Trichoderma.
- (6) Write short note on Sphagnum leaf

(B) Answer in Brief : (Any **Three**) **9**

- (1) Give the classification of Calamites
- (2) Give the classification of Caulerpa
- (3) Write note on : Retort cells.
- (4) Explain morphological nature of Ophioglossum spike.
- (5) Write six symptoms Tikka Disease of Groundnuts
- (6) Write short note on Trichoderma

(C) Answer in detail : (Any **Two**) **10**

- (1) Describe different methods of Plant disease control.
- (2) Explain the heterothallism in fungi
- (3) Describe the cell structure of cell wall and reproduction in Diatoms
- (4) Describe the anatomical structure of calamites
- (5) Explain : Thallus organization in Coleochatae